
Adafruit MAX31865 Library Documentation

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CircuitPython module for the MAX31865 thermocouple amplifier.

CHAPTER 1

Dependencies

This driver depends on:

- Adafruit CircuitPython
- Bus Device

Please ensure all dependencies are available on the CircuitPython filesystem. This is easily achieved by downloading the [Adafruit library and driver bundle](#).

CHAPTER 2

Installing from PyPI

On supported GNU/Linux systems like the Raspberry Pi, you can install the driver locally [from PyPI](#). To install for current user:

```
pip3 install adafruit-circuitpython-max31865
```

To install system-wide (this may be required in some cases):

```
sudo pip3 install adafruit-circuitpython-max31865
```

To install in a virtual environment in your current project:

```
mkdir project-name && cd project-name  
python3 -m venv .env  
source .env/bin/activate  
pip3 install adafruit-circuitpython-max31865
```


CHAPTER 3

Usage Example

See examples/max31865_simpletest.py for a demo of the usage.

CHAPTER 4

Contributing

Contributions are welcome! Please read our [Code of Conduct](#) before contributing to help this project stay welcoming.

CHAPTER 5

Documentation

For information on building library documentation, please check out [this guide](#).

CHAPTER 6

Table of Contents

6.1 Simple test

Ensure your device works with this simple test.

Listing 1: examples/max31865_simpletest.py

```
1 # Simple demo of the MAX31865 thermocouple amplifier.
2 # Will print the temperature every second.
3 import time
4
5 import board
6 import busio
7 import digitalio
8
9 import adafruit_max31865
10
11
12 # Initialize SPI bus and sensor.
13 spi = busio.SPI(board.SCK, MOSI=board.MOSI, MISO=board.MISO)
14 cs = digitalio.DigitalInOut(board.D5)    # Chip select of the MAX31865 board.
15 sensor = adafruit_max31865.MAX31865(spi, cs)
16 # Note you can optionally provide the thermocouple RTD nominal, the reference
17 # resistance, and the number of wires for the sensor (2 the default, 3, or 4)
18 # with keyword args:
19 # sensor = adafruit_max31865.MAX31865(spi, cs, rtd_nominal=100, ref_resistor=430.0,
20 #                                         wires=2)
21
22 # Main loop to print the temperature every second.
23 while True:
24     # Read temperature.
25     temp = sensor.temperature
26     # Print the value.
27     print("Temperature: {0:0.3f}C".format(temp))
```

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```
27     # Delay for a second.  
28     time.sleep(1.0)
```

6.2 adafruit_max31865

CircuitPython module for the MAX31865 platinum RTD temperature sensor. See examples/simpletest.py for an example of the usage.

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6.2.1 Implementation Notes

Hardware:

- Adafruit Universal Thermocouple Amplifier MAX31856 Breakout (Product ID: 3263)
- Adafruit PT100 RTD Temperature Sensor Amplifier - MAX31865 (Product ID: 3328)
- Adafruit PT1000 RTD Temperature Sensor Amplifier - MAX31865 (Product ID: 3648)

Software and Dependencies:

- Adafruit CircuitPython firmware for the ESP8622 and M0-based boards: <https://github.com/adafruit/circuitpython/releases>
- Adafruit's Bus Device library: https://github.com/adafruit/Adafruit_CircuitPython_BusDevice

```
class adafruit_max31865.MAX31865(spi, cs, *, rtd_nominal=100, ref_resistor=430.0, wires=2, filter_frequency=60)
```

Driver for the MAX31865 thermocouple amplifier.

auto_convert

The state of the sensor's automatic conversion mode (True/False).

bias

The state of the sensor's bias (True/False).

clear_faults()

Clear any fault state previously detected by the sensor.

fault

The fault state of the sensor. Use `clear_faults()` to clear the fault state. Returns a 6-tuple of boolean values which indicate if any faults are present:

- HIGHTHRESH
- LOWTHRESH
- REFINLOW
- REFINHIGH
- RTDINLOW
- OVUV

read_rtd()

Perform a raw reading of the thermocouple and return its 15-bit value. You'll need to manually convert this to temperature using the nominal value of the resistance-to-digital conversion and some math. If you just want temperature use the `temperature` property instead.

resistance

Read the resistance of the RTD and return its value in Ohms.

temperature

Read the temperature of the sensor and return its value in degrees Celsius.

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Indices and tables

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- modindex
- search

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