Adafruit CIRCUITPYTHON $_{ADS1X15}$ Library Documentation

Release 1.0

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Contents

Support for the ADS1x15 series of analog-to-digital converters. Available in 12-bit (ADS1015) and 16-bit (ADS1115) versions.

CHAPTER 1

Installation & Dependencies

This driver depends on:

- Adafruit CircuitPython
- Bus Device

Please ensure all dependencies are available on the CircuitPython filesystem. This can be most easily achieved by downloading and installing the Adafruit library and driver bundle on your device.

1.1 Installing from PyPI

On supported GNU/Linux systems like the Raspberry Pi, you can install the driver locally from PyPI. To install for current user:

```
pip3 install adafruit-circuitpython-ads1x15
```

To install system-wide (this may be required in some cases):

```
sudo pip3 install adafruit-circuitpython-ads1x15
```

To install in a virtual environment in your current project:

```
mkdir project-name && cd project-name
python3 -m venv .env
source .env/bin/activate
pip3 install adafruit-circuitpython-ads1x15
```

CHAPTER 2

Usage Example

2.1 Single Ended

```
import time
import board
import busio
import adafruit_ads1x15.ads1015 as ADS
from adafruit_ads1x15.analog_in import AnalogIn

# Create the I2C bus
i2c = busio.I2C(board.SCL, board.SDA)

# Create the ADC object using the I2C bus
ads = ADS.ADS1015(i2c)

# Create single-ended input on channel 0
chan = AnalogIn(ads, ADS.P0)

# Create differential input between channel 0 and 1
#chan = AnalogIn(ads, ADS.P0, ADS.P1)

print("{:>5}\t{:>5}".format('raw', 'v'))

while True:
    print("{:>5}\t{:>5.3f}".format(chan.value, chan.voltage))
    time.sleep(0.5)
```

CHAPTER 3

Contributing

Contributions are welcome! Please read our Code of Conduct before contributing to help this project stay welcoming.

CHAPTER 4

Documentation

For information on building library documentation, please check out this guide.

CHAPTER 5

Table of Contents

5.1 Simple test

Ensure your device works with this simple test.

Listing 1: examples/ads1x15_ads1015_simpletest.py

```
import time
import board
import busio
import adafruit_ads1x15.ads1015 as ADS
from adafruit_ads1x15.analog_in import AnalogIn

# Create the I2C bus
i2c = busio.I2C(board.SCL, board.SDA)

# Create the ADC object using the I2C bus
ads = ADS.ADS1015(i2c)

# Create single-ended input on channel 0
chan = AnalogIn(ads, ADS.P0)

# Create differential input between channel 0 and 1
# chan = AnalogIn(ads, ADS.P0, ADS.P1)

print("{:>5}\t{:>5}".format("raw", "v"))

while True:
    print("{:>5}\t{:>5.3f}".format(chan.value, chan.voltage))
    time.sleep(0.5)
```

Listing 2: examples/ads1x15_ads1115_simpletest.py

```
import time
import board
import busio
import adafruit_ads1x15.ads1115 as ADS
from adafruit_ads1x15.analog_in import AnalogIn

# Create the I2C bus
i2c = busio.I2C(board.SCL, board.SDA)

# Create the ADC object using the I2C bus
ads = ADS.ADS1115(i2c)
# you can specify an I2C adress instead of the default 0x48
# ads = ADS.ADS1115(i2c, address=0x49)

# Create single-ended input on channel 0
chan = AnalogIn(ads, ADS.P0)

# Create differential input between channel 0 and 1
# chan = AnalogIn(ads, ADS.P0, ADS.P1)

print("{:>5}\t{:>5}".format("raw", "v"))

while True:
    print("{:>5}\t{:>5.3f}".format(chan.value, chan.voltage))
    time.sleep(0.5)
```

5.2 ads1x15

CircuitPython base class driver for ADS1015/1115 ADCs.

- Author(s): Carter Nelson

class adafruit_ads1x15.ads1x15.**ADS1x15**(*i2c*, *gain=1*, *data_rate=None*, *mode=256*, *address=72*)

Base functionality for ADS1x15 analog to digital converters.

data_rate
The data rate for ADC conversion in samples per second.

gain
The ADC gain.

gains
Possible gain settings.

get_last_result(*fast=False*)
Read the last conversion result when in continuous conversion mode. Will return a signed integer value. If fast is True, the register pointer is not updated as part of the read. This reduces I2C traffic and increases possible read rate.

mode
The ADC conversion mode.

rate_config
Rate configuration masks.

rates
Possible data rate settings.

read(*pin*, *is_differential=False*)
I2C Interface for ADS1x15-based ADCs reads.

params:

param pin individual or differential pin.

param bool is_differential single-ended or differential read.

class adafruit_ads1x15.ads1x15.**Mode**
An enum-like class representing possible ADC operating modes.

5.3 ads1015

CircuitPython driver for ADS1015 ADCs.

- Author(s): Carter Nelson

class adafruit_ads1x15.ads1015.**ADS1015**(*i2c*, *gain=1*, *data_rate=None*, *mode=256*, *address=72*)
Class for the ADS1015 12 bit ADC.

bits
The ADC bit resolution.

rate_config
Rate configuration masks.

rates
Possible data rate settings.

5.4 ads1115

CircuitPython driver for 1115 ADCs.

- Author(s): Carter Nelson

class adafruit_ads1x15.ads1115.**ADS1115**(*i2c*, *gain=1*, *data_rate=None*, *mode=256*, *address=72*)
Class for the ADS1115 16 bit ADC.

bits
The ADC bit resolution.

rate_config
Rate configuration masks.

rates
Possible data rate settings.

5.5 analog_in

AnalogIn for single-ended and differential ADC readings.

- Author(s): Carter Nelson, adapted from MCP3xxx original by Brent Rubell

class adafruit_ads1x15.analog_in.**AnalogIn**(*ads*, *positive_pin*, *negative_pin=None*)
AnalogIn Mock Implementation for ADC Reads.

value
Returns the value of an ADC pin as an integer.

voltage
Returns the voltage from the ADC pin as a floating point value.

CHAPTER 6

Indices and tables

- genindex
- modindex
- search

Python Module Index

a

Index