
Adafruit HT16K33 Library Documentation

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Radomir Dopieralski

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This is a library for using the I²C-based LED matrices with the HT16K33 chip. It supports both 16x8 and 8x8 matrices, as well as 7- and 14-segment displays.

- **Notes**

1. This library is intended for Adafruit CircuitPython's API. For a library compatible with MicroPython machine API see this [library](#).
2. This library does not work with the Trellis 4x4 LED+Keypad board. For that product use: [CircuitPython Trellis Library](#)

CHAPTER 1

Dependencies

This driver depends on:

- [Adafruit CircuitPython](#)
- [Bus Device](#)

Please ensure all dependencies are available on the CircuitPython filesystem. This is easily achieved by downloading the [Adafruit library and driver bundle](#).

CHAPTER 2

Installing from PyPI

On supported GNU/Linux systems like the Raspberry Pi, you can install the driver locally [from PyPI](#). To install for current user:

```
pip3 install adafruit-circuitpython-ht16k33
```

To install system-wide (this may be required in some cases):

```
sudo pip3 install adafruit-circuitpython-ht16k33
```

To install in a virtual environment in your current project:

```
mkdir project-name && cd project-name
python3 -m venv .env
source .env/bin/activate
pip3 install adafruit-circuitpython-ht16k33
```


CHAPTER 3

Usage Example

```
# Import all board pins and bus interface.
import board
import busio

# Import the HT16K33 LED matrix module.
from adafruit_ht16k33 import matrix

# Create the I2C interface.
i2c = busio.I2C(board.SCL, board.SDA)

# Create the matrix class.
# This creates a 16x8 matrix:
matrix = matrix.Matrix16x8(i2c)
# Or this creates a 8x8 matrix:
#matrix = matrix.Matrix8x8(i2c)
# Or this creates a 8x8 bicolor matrix:
#matrix = matrix.Matrix8x8x2
# Finally you can optionally specify a custom I2C address of the HT16k33 like:
#matrix = matrix.Matrix16x8(i2c, address=0x70)

# Clear the matrix.
matrix.fill(0)

# Set a pixel in the origin 0,0 position.
matrix[0, 0] = 1
# Set a pixel in the middle 8, 4 position.
matrix[8, 4] = 1
# Set a pixel in the opposite 15, 7 position.
matrix[15, 7] = 1
matrix.show()

# Change the brightness
matrix.brightness = 8
```

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```
# Set the blink rate
matrix.blink_rate = 2
```

CHAPTER 4

Contributing

Contributions are welcome! Please read our [Code of Conduct](#) before contributing to help this project stay welcoming.

CHAPTER 5

Documentation

For information on building library documentation, please check out [this guide](#).

6.1 Simple test

Ensure your device works with this simple test.

Listing 1: examples/ht16k33_matrix_simpletest.py

```
1  # Basic example of clearing and drawing a pixel on a LED matrix display.
2  # This example and library is meant to work with Adafruit CircuitPython API.
3  # Author: Tony DiCola
4  # License: Public Domain
5
6  # Import all board pins.
7  import time
8  import board
9  import busio
10
11 # Import the HT16K33 LED matrix module.
12 from adafruit_ht16k33 import matrix
13
14
15 # Create the I2C interface.
16 i2c = busio.I2C(board.SCL, board.SDA)
17
18 # Create the matrix class.
19 # This creates a 16x8 matrix:
20 matrix = matrix.Matrix16x8(i2c)
21 # Or this creates a 16x8 matrix backpack:
22 # matrix = matrix.MatrixBackpack16x8(i2c)
23 # Or this creates a 8x8 matrix:
24 #matrix = matrix.Matrix8x8(i2c)
25 # Or this creates a 8x8 bicolor matrix:
26 #matrix = matrix.Matrix8x8x2(i2c)
27 # Finally you can optionally specify a custom I2C address of the HT16k33 like:
```

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```

28 #matrix = matrix.Matrix16x8(i2c, address=0x70)
29
30 # Clear the matrix.
31 matrix.fill(0)
32
33 # Set a pixel in the origin 0, 0 position.
34 matrix[0, 0] = 1
35 # Set a pixel in the middle 8, 4 position.
36 matrix[8, 4] = 1
37 # Set a pixel in the opposite 15, 7 position.
38 matrix[15, 7] = 1
39
40 time.sleep(2)
41
42 # Draw a Smiley Face
43 matrix.fill(0)
44
45 for row in range(2, 6):
46     matrix[row, 0] = 1
47     matrix[row, 7] = 1
48
49 for column in range(2, 6):
50     matrix[0, column] = 1
51     matrix[7, column] = 1
52
53 matrix[1, 1] = 1
54 matrix[1, 6] = 1
55 matrix[6, 1] = 1
56 matrix[6, 6] = 1
57 matrix[2, 5] = 1
58 matrix[5, 5] = 1
59 matrix[2, 3] = 1
60 matrix[5, 3] = 1
61 matrix[3, 2] = 1
62 matrix[4, 2] = 1
63
64 # Move the Smiley Face Around
65 while True:
66     for frame in range(0, 8):
67         matrix.shift_right(True)
68         time.sleep(0.05)
69     for frame in range(0, 8):
70         matrix.shift_down(True)
71         time.sleep(0.05)
72     for frame in range(0, 8):
73         matrix.shift_left(True)
74         time.sleep(0.05)
75     for frame in range(0, 8):
76         matrix.shift_up(True)
77         time.sleep(0.05)

```

Listing 2: examples/ht16k33_segments_simpletest.py

```

1 # Basic example of setting digits on a LED segment display.
2 # This example and library is meant to work with Adafruit CircuitPython API.
3 # Author: Tony DiCola

```

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```

4  # License: Public Domain
5
6  import time
7
8  # Import all board pins.
9  import board
10 import busio
11
12 # Import the HT16K33 LED segment module.
13 from adafruit_ht16k33 import segments
14
15 # Create the I2C interface.
16 i2c = busio.I2C(board.SCL, board.SDA)
17
18 # Create the LED segment class.
19 # This creates a 7 segment 4 character display:
20 display = segments.Seg7x4(i2c)
21 # Or this creates a 14 segment alphanumeric 4 character display:
22 #display = segments.Seg14x4(i2c)
23 # Finally you can optionally specify a custom I2C address of the HT16k33 like:
24 #display = segments.Seg7x4(i2c, address=0x70)
25
26 # Clear the display.
27 display.fill(0)
28
29 # Can just print a number
30 display.print(42)
31 time.sleep(2)
32
33 # Or, can set individual digits / characters
34 # Set the first character to '1':
35 display[0] = '1'
36 # Set the second character to '2':
37 display[1] = '2'
38 # Set the third character to 'A':
39 display[2] = 'A'
40 # Set the forth character to 'B':
41 display[3] = 'B'
42 time.sleep(2)
43
44 # Or, can even set the segments to make up characters
45 if isinstance(display, segments.Seg7x4):
46     # 7-segment raw digits
47     display.set_digit_raw(0, 0xFF)
48     display.set_digit_raw(1, 0b11111111)
49     display.set_digit_raw(2, 0x79)
50     display.set_digit_raw(3, 0b01111001)
51 else:
52     # 14-segment raw digits
53     display.set_digit_raw(0, 0x3F2D)
54     display.set_digit_raw(1, 0b0011111100101101)
55     display.set_digit_raw(2, (0b00111111, 0b00101101))
56     display.set_digit_raw(3, [0b00111111, 0b00101101])
57
58 #Show a looping marquee
59 display.marquee('Deadbeef 192.168.100.102... ', 0.2)

```

Listing 3: examples/ht16k33_bicolor24_simpletest.py

```
1  # Basic example of using the Bi-color 24 segment bargraph display.
2  # This example and library is meant to work with Adafruit CircuitPython API.
3  # Author: Carter Nelson
4  # License: Public Domain
5
6  import time
7
8  # Import board related modules
9  import board
10 import busio
11
12 # Import the Bicolor24 driver from the HT16K33 module
13 from adafruit_ht16k33.bargraph import Bicolor24
14
15 # Create the I2C interface
16 i2c = busio.I2C(board.SCL, board.SDA)
17
18 # Create the LED bargraph class.
19 bc24 = Bicolor24(i2c)
20
21 # Set individual segments of bargraph
22 bc24[0] = bc24.LED_RED
23 bc24[1] = bc24.LED_GREEN
24 bc24[2] = bc24.LED_YELLOW
25
26 time.sleep(2)
27
28 # Turn them all off
29 bc24.fill(bc24.LED_OFF)
30
31 # Turn them on in a loop
32 for i in range(24):
33     bc24[i] = bc24.LED_RED
34     time.sleep(0.1)
35     bc24[i] = bc24.LED_OFF
36
37 time.sleep(1)
38
39 # Fill the entire bargraph
40 bc24.fill(bc24.LED_GREEN)
```

6.2 adafruit_ht16k33.ht16k33

- Authors: Radomir Dopieralski & Tony DiCola for Adafruit Industries

class adafruit_ht16k33.ht16k33.**HT16K33** (*i2c*, *address=112*, *auto_write=True*)

The base class for all displays. Contains common methods.

Parameters

- **address** (*int*) – The I2C address of the HT16K33.
- **auto_write** (*bool*) – True if the display should immediately change when set. If False, *show* must be called explicitly.

auto_write

Auto write updates to the display.

blink_rate

The blink rate. Range 0-3.

brightness

The brightness. Range 0-15.

fill (*color*)

Fill the whole display with the given color.

show ()

Refresh the display and show the changes.

6.3 Matrix Displays

class adafruit_ht16k33.matrix.**Matrix16x8** (*i2c, address=112, auto_write=True*)

The matrix wing.

pixel (*x, y, color=None*)

Get or set the color of a given pixel.

class adafruit_ht16k33.matrix.**Matrix8x8** (*i2c, address=112, auto_write=True*)

A single matrix.

columns

Read-only property for number of columns

image (*img*)

Set buffer to value of Python Imaging Library image. The image should be in 1 bit mode and a size equal to the display size.

pixel (*x, y, color=None*)

Get or set the color of a given pixel.

rows

Read-only property for number of rows

shift (*x, y, rotate=False*)

Shift pixels by x and y

Parameters **rotate** – (Optional) Rotate the shifted pixels to the left side (default=False)

shift_down (*rotate=False*)

Shift all pixels down

Parameters **rotate** – (Optional) Rotate the shifted pixels to top (default=False)

shift_left (*rotate=False*)

Shift all pixels left

Parameters **rotate** – (Optional) Rotate the shifted pixels to the right side (default=False)

shift_right (*rotate=False*)

Shift all pixels right

Parameters **rotate** – (Optional) Rotate the shifted pixels to the left side (default=False)

shift_up (*rotate=False*)

Shift all pixels up

Parameters **rotate** – (Optional) Rotate the shifted pixels to bottom (default=False)

class adafruit_ht16k33.matrix.**Matrix8x8x2** (*i2c, address=112, auto_write=True*)

A bi-color matrix.

fill (*color*)

Fill the whole display with the given color.

image (*img*)

Set buffer to value of Python Imaging Library image. The image should be a size equal to the display size.

pixel (*x, y, color=None*)

Get or set the color of a given pixel.

class adafruit_ht16k33.matrix.**MatrixBackpack16x8** (*i2c, address=112, auto_write=True*)

A double matrix backpack.

pixel (*x, y, color=None*)

Get or set the color of a given pixel.

6.4 Segment Displays

class adafruit_ht16k33.segments.**BigSeg7x4** (*i2c, address=112, auto_write=True*)

Numeric 7-segment display. It has the same methods as the alphanumeric display, but only supports displaying a limited set of characters.

ampm

The AM/PM indicator.

bottom_left_dot

The bottom-left dot indicator.

top_left_dot

The top-left dot indicator.

class adafruit_ht16k33.segments.**Colon** (*disp, num_of_colons=1*)

Helper class for controlling the colons. Not intended for direct use.

class adafruit_ht16k33.segments.**Seg14x4** (*i2c, address=112, auto_write=True*)

Alpha-numeric, 14-segment display.

marquee (*text, delay=0.25, loop=True*)

Automatically scroll the text at the specified delay between characters

Parameters

- **text** (*str*) – The text to display
- **delay** (*float*) – (optional) The delay in seconds to pause before scrolling to the next character (default=0.25)
- **loop** (*bool*) – (optional) Whether to endlessly loop the text (default=True)

print (*value*)

Print the value to the display.

scroll (*count=1*)

Scroll the display by specified number of places.

set_digit_raw (*index, bitmask*)

Set digit at position to raw bitmask value. Position should be a value of 0 to 3 with 0 being the left most character on the display.

bitmask should be 2 bytes such as: 0xFFFF If can be passed as an integer, list, or tuple

class `adafruit_ht16k33.segments.Seg7x4` (*i2c*, *address=112*, *auto_write=True*)

Numeric 7-segment display. It has the same methods as the alphanumeric display, but only supports displaying a limited set of characters.

scroll (*count=1*)

Scroll the display by specified number of places.

set_digit_raw (*index*, *bitmask*)

Set digit at position to raw bitmask value. Position should be a value of 0 to 3 with 0 being the left most digit on the display.

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