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# **Adafruit HT16K33 Library Documentation**

***Release 1.0***

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## Contents

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<b>1</b>	<b>Dependencies</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>2</b>	<b>Installing from PyPI</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>Usage Example</b>	<b>7</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>Contributing</b>	<b>9</b>
<b>5</b>	<b>Documentation</b>	<b>11</b>
<b>6</b>	<b>Table of Contents</b>	<b>13</b>
6.1	Simple test . . . . .	13
6.2	adafruit_ht16k33.ht16k33 . . . . .	17
6.3	Matrix Displays . . . . .	17
6.4	Segment Displays . . . . .	18
<b>7</b>	<b>Indices and tables</b>	<b>21</b>
<b>Python Module Index</b>		<b>23</b>
<b>Index</b>		<b>25</b>



This is a library for using the I<sup>2</sup>C-based LED matrices with the HT16K33 chip. It supports both 16x8 and 8x8 matrices, as well as 7- and 14-segment displays.

- **Notes**

1. This library is intended for Adafruit CircuitPython's API. For a library compatible with MicroPython machine API see this [library](#).
2. This library does not work with the Trellis 4x4 LED+Keypad board. For that product use: [CircuitPython Trellis Library](#)



# CHAPTER 1

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## Dependencies

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This driver depends on:

- Adafruit CircuitPython
- Bus Device

Please ensure all dependencies are available on the CircuitPython filesystem. This is easily achieved by downloading the [Adafruit library and driver bundle](#).



# CHAPTER 2

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## Installing from PyPI

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On supported GNU/Linux systems like the Raspberry Pi, you can install the driver locally [from PyPI](#). To install for current user:

```
pip3 install adafruit-circuitpython-ht16k33
```

To install system-wide (this may be required in some cases):

```
sudo pip3 install adafruit-circuitpython-ht16k33
```

To install in a virtual environment in your current project:

```
mkdir project-name && cd project-name  
python3 -m venv .env  
source .env/bin/activate  
pip3 install adafruit-circuitpython-ht16k33
```



# CHAPTER 3

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## Usage Example

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```
# Import all board pins and bus interface.
import board
import busio

# Import the HT16K33 LED matrix module.
from adafruit_ht16k33 import matrix

# Create the I2C interface.
i2c = busio.I2C(board.SCL, board.SDA)

# Create the matrix class.
# This creates a 16x8 matrix:
matrix = matrix.Matrix16x8(i2c)
# Or this creates a 8x8 matrix:
#matrix = matrix.Matrix8x8(i2c)
# Or this creates a 8x8 bicolor matrix:
#matrix = matrix.Matrix8x8x2
# Finally you can optionally specify a custom I2C address of the HT16k33 like:
#matrix = matrix.Matrix16x8(i2c, address=0x70)

# Clear the matrix.
matrix.fill(0)

# Set a pixel in the origin 0,0 position.
matrix[0, 0] = 1
# Set a pixel in the middle 8, 4 position.
matrix[8, 4] = 1
# Set a pixel in the opposite 15, 7 position.
matrix[15, 7] = 1
matrix.show()

# Change the brightness
matrix.brightness = 8
```

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```
# Set the blink rate
matrix.blink_rate = 2
```

# CHAPTER 4

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## Contributing

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Contributions are welcome! Please read our [Code of Conduct](#) before contributing to help this project stay welcoming.



# CHAPTER 5

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## Documentation

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For information on building library documentation, please check out [this guide](#).



# CHAPTER 6

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## Table of Contents

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### 6.1 Simple test

Ensure your device works with this simple test.

Listing 1: examples/ht16k33\_matrix\_simpletest.py

```
1 # Basic example of clearing and drawing a pixel on a LED matrix display.
2 # This example and library is meant to work with Adafruit CircuitPython API.
3 # Author: Tony DiCola
4 # License: Public Domain
5
6 # Import all board pins.
7 import time
8 import board
9 import busio
10
11 # Import the HT16K33 LED matrix module.
12 from adafruit_ht16k33 import matrix
13
14
15 # Create the I2C interface.
16 i2c = busio.I2C(board.SCL, board.SDA)
17
18 # Create the matrix class.
19 # This creates a 16x8 matrix:
20 matrix = matrix.Matrix16x8(i2c)
21 # Or this creates a 16x8 matrix backpack:
22 # matrix = matrix.MatrixBackpack16x8(i2c)
23 # Or this creates a 8x8 matrix:
24 #matrix = matrix.Matrix8x8(i2c)
25 # Or this creates a 8x8 bicolor matrix:
26 #matrix = matrix.Matrix8x8x2(i2c)
27 # Finally you can optionally specify a custom I2C address of the HT16k33 like:
```

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```
28 #matrix = matrix.Matrix16x8(i2c, address=0x70)
29
30 # Clear the matrix.
31 matrix.fill(0)
32
33 # Set a pixel in the origin 0, 0 position.
34 matrix[0, 0] = 1
35 # Set a pixel in the middle 8, 4 position.
36 matrix[8, 4] = 1
37 # Set a pixel in the opposite 15, 7 position.
38 matrix[15, 7] = 1
39
40 time.sleep(2)
41
42 # Draw a Smiley Face
43 matrix.fill(0)
44
45 for row in range(2, 6):
46     matrix[row, 0] = 1
47     matrix[row, 7] = 1
48
49 for column in range(2, 6):
50     matrix[0, column] = 1
51     matrix[7, column] = 1
52
53 matrix[1, 1] = 1
54 matrix[1, 6] = 1
55 matrix[6, 1] = 1
56 matrix[6, 6] = 1
57 matrix[2, 5] = 1
58 matrix[5, 5] = 1
59 matrix[2, 3] = 1
60 matrix[5, 3] = 1
61 matrix[3, 2] = 1
62 matrix[4, 2] = 1
63
64 # Move the Smiley Face Around
65 while True:
66     for frame in range(0, 8):
67         matrix.shift_right(True)
68         time.sleep(0.05)
69     for frame in range(0, 8):
70         matrix.shift_down(True)
71         time.sleep(0.05)
72     for frame in range(0, 8):
73         matrix.shift_left(True)
74         time.sleep(0.05)
75     for frame in range(0, 8):
76         matrix.shift_up(True)
77         time.sleep(0.05)
```

Listing 2: examples/ht16k33\_segments\_simpletest.py

```
1 # Basic example of setting digits on a LED segment display.
2 # This example and library is meant to work with Adafruit CircuitPython API.
3 # Author: Tony DiCola
```

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```

4 # License: Public Domain
5
6 import time
7
8 # Import all board pins.
9 import board
10 import busio
11
12 # Import the HT16K33 LED segment module.
13 from adafruit_ht16k33 import segments
14
15 # Create the I2C interface.
16 i2c = busio.I2C(board.SCL, board.SDA)
17
18 # Create the LED segment class.
19 # This creates a 7 segment 4 character display:
20 display = segments.Seg7x4(i2c)
21 # Or this creates a 14 segment alphanumeric 4 character display:
22 #display = segments.Seg14x4(i2c)
23 # Or this creates a big 7 segment 4 character display
24 #display = segments.BigSeg7x4(i2c)
25 # Finally you can optionally specify a custom I2C address of the HT16k33 like:
26 #display = segments.Seg7x4(i2c, address=0x70)
27
28 # Clear the display.
29 display.fill(0)
30
31 # Can just print a number
32 display.print(42)
33 time.sleep(2)
34
35 # Or, can print a hexadecimal value
36 display.print_hex(0xFF23)
37 time.sleep(2)
38
39 # Or, print the time
40 display.print("12:30")
41 time.sleep(2)
42
43 display.colon = False
44
45 # Or, can set individual digits / characters
46 # Set the first character to '1':
47 display[0] = '1'
48 # Set the second character to '2':
49 display[1] = '2'
50 # Set the third character to 'A':
51 display[2] = 'A'
52 # Set the forth character to 'B':
53 display[3] = 'B'
54 time.sleep(2)
55
56 # Or, can even set the segments to make up characters
57 if isinstance(display, segments.Seg7x4):
58     # 7-segment raw digits
59     display.set_digit_raw(0, 0xFF)
60     display.set_digit_raw(1, 0b11111111)

```

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```
61     display.set_digit_raw(2, 0x79)
62     display.set_digit_raw(3, 0b01111001)
63 else:
64     # 14-segment raw digits
65     display.set_digit_raw(0, 0x2D3F)
66     display.set_digit_raw(1, 0b0010110100111111)
67     display.set_digit_raw(2, (0b00101101, 0b00111111))
68     display.set_digit_raw(3, [0x2D, 0x3F])
69 time.sleep(2)
70
71 #Show a looping marquee
72 display.marquee('Deadbeef 192.168.100.102...', 0.2)
```

Listing 3: examples/ht16k33\_bicolor24\_simpletest.py

```
1  # Basic example of using the Bi-color 24 segment bargraph display.
2  # This example and library is meant to work with Adafruit CircuitPython API.
3  # Author: Carter Nelson
4  # License: Public Domain
5
6  import time
7
8  # Import board related modules
9  import board
10 import busio
11
12 # Import the Bicolor24 driver from the HT16K33 module
13 from adafruit_ht16k33.bargraph import Bicolor24
14
15 # Create the I2C interface
16 i2c = busio.I2C(board.SCL, board.SDA)
17
18 # Create the LED bargraph class.
19 bc24 = Bicolor24(i2c)
20
21 # Set individual segments of bargraph
22 bc24[0] = bc24.LED_RED
23 bc24[1] = bc24.LED_GREEN
24 bc24[2] = bc24.LED_YELLOW
25
26 time.sleep(2)
27
28 # Turn them all off
29 bc24.fill(bc24.LED_OFF)
30
31 # Turn them on in a loop
32 for i in range(24):
33     bc24[i] = bc24.LED_RED
34     time.sleep(0.1)
35     bc24[i] = bc24.LED_OFF
36
37 time.sleep(1)
38
39 # Fill the entire bargraph
40 bc24.fill(bc24.LED_GREEN)
```

## 6.2 adafruit\_ht16k33.ht16k33

- Authors: Radomir Dopieralski & Tony DiCola for Adafruit Industries

```
class adafruit_ht16k33.ht16k33.HT16K33(i2c, address=112, auto_write=True)
```

The base class for all displays. Contains common methods.

### Parameters

- **address** (*int*) – The I2C address of the HT16K33.
- **auto\_write** (*bool*) – True if the display should immediately change when set. If False, **show** must be called explicitly.

#### auto\_write

Auto write updates to the display.

#### blink\_rate

The blink rate. Range 0-3.

#### brightness

The brightness. Range 0-15.

#### fill(*color*)

Fill the whole display with the given color.

#### show()

Refresh the display and show the changes.

## 6.3 Matrix Displays

```
class adafruit_ht16k33.matrix.Matrix16x8(i2c, address=112, auto_write=True)
```

The matrix wing.

#### pixel(*x, y, color=None*)

Get or set the color of a given pixel.

```
class adafruit_ht16k33.matrix.Matrix8x8(i2c, address=112, auto_write=True)
```

A single matrix.

#### columns

Read-only property for number of columns

#### image(*img*)

Set buffer to value of Python Imaging Library image. The image should be in 1 bit mode and a size equal to the display size.

#### pixel(*x, y, color=None*)

Get or set the color of a given pixel.

#### rows

Read-only property for number of rows

#### shift(*x, y, rotate=False*)

Shift pixels by x and y

**Parameters** **rotate** – (Optional) Rotate the shifted pixels to the left side (default=False)

#### shift\_down(*rotate=False*)

Shift all pixels down

**Parameters** `rotate` – (Optional) Rotate the shifted pixels to top (default=False)

`shift_left` (`rotate=False`)

Shift all pixels left

**Parameters** `rotate` – (Optional) Rotate the shifted pixels to the right side (default=False)

`shift_right` (`rotate=False`)

Shift all pixels right

**Parameters** `rotate` – (Optional) Rotate the shifted pixels to the left side (default=False)

`shift_up` (`rotate=False`)

Shift all pixels up

**Parameters** `rotate` – (Optional) Rotate the shifted pixels to bottom (default=False)

**class** `adafruit_ht16k33.matrix.Matrix8x8x2` (`i2c, address=112, auto_write=True`)

A bi-color matrix.

`fill` (`color`)

Fill the whole display with the given color.

`image` (`img`)

Set buffer to value of Python Imaging Library image. The image should be a size equal to the display size.

`pixel` (`x, y, color=None`)

Get or set the color of a given pixel.

**class** `adafruit_ht16k33.matrix.MatrixBackpack16x8` (`i2c, address=112, auto_write=True`)

A double matrix backpack.

`pixel` (`x, y, color=None`)

Get or set the color of a given pixel.

## 6.4 Segment Displays

**class** `adafruit_ht16k33.segments.BigSeg7x4` (`i2c, address=112, auto_write=True`)

Numeric 7-segment display. It has the same methods as the alphanumeric display, but only supports displaying a limited set of characters.

`ampm`

The AM/PM indicator.

`bottom_left_dot`

The bottom-left dot indicator.

`top_left_dot`

The top-left dot indicator.

**class** `adafruit_ht16k33.segments.Colon` (`disp, num_of_colons=1`)

Helper class for controlling the colons. Not intended for direct use.

**class** `adafruit_ht16k33.segments.Seg14x4` (`i2c, address=112, auto_write=True`)

Alpha-numeric, 14-segment display.

`marquee` (`text, delay=0.25, loop=True`)

Automatically scroll the text at the specified delay between characters

**Parameters**

- `text` (`str`) – The text to display

- **delay** (*float*) – (optional) The delay in seconds to pause before scrolling to the next character (default=0.25)

- **loop** (*bool*) – (optional) Whether to endlessly loop the text (default=True)

**print** (*value, decimal=0*)

Print the value to the display.

**print\_hex** (*value*)

Print the value as a hexadecimal string to the display.

**scroll** (*count=1*)

Scroll the display by specified number of places.

**set\_digit\_raw** (*index, bitmask*)

Set digit at position to raw bitmask value. Position should be a value of 0 to 3 with 0 being the left most character on the display.

bitmask should be 2 bytes such as: 0xFFFF If can be passed as an integer, list, or tuple

**class** adafruit\_ht16k33.segments.**Seg7x4** (*i2c, address=112, auto\_write=True*)

Numeric 7-segment display. It has the same methods as the alphanumeric display, but only supports displaying a limited set of characters.

**colon**

Simplified colon accessor

**scroll** (*count=1*)

Scroll the display by specified number of places.

**set\_digit\_raw** (*index, bitmask*)

Set digit at position to raw bitmask value. Position should be a value of 0 to 3 with 0 being the left most digit on the display.



# CHAPTER 7

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## Indices and tables

---

- genindex
- modindex
- search



---

## Python Module Index

---

### a

adafruit\_ht16k33.ht16k33, 16  
adafruit\_ht16k33.matrix, 17  
adafruit\_ht16k33.segments, 18



---

## Index

---

### A

adafruit\_ht16k33.ht16k33 (*module*), 16  
adafruit\_ht16k33.matrix (*module*), 17  
adafruit\_ht16k33.segments (*module*), 18  
ampm (*adafruit\_ht16k33.segments.BigSeg7x4 attribute*), 18  
auto\_write (*adafruit\_ht16k33.ht16k33.HT16K33 attribute*), 17

### B

BigSeg7x4 (*class in adafruit\_ht16k33.segments*), 18  
blink\_rate (*adafruit\_ht16k33.ht16k33.HT16K33 attribute*), 17  
bottom\_left\_dot (*adafruit\_ht16k33.segments.BigSeg7x4 attribute*), 18  
brightness (*adafruit\_ht16k33.ht16k33.HT16K33 attribute*), 17

### C

colon (*adafruit\_ht16k33.segments.Seg7x4 attribute*), 19  
Colon (*class in adafruit\_ht16k33.segments*), 18  
columns (*adafruit\_ht16k33.matrix.Matrix8x8 attribute*), 17

### F

fill () (*adafruit\_ht16k33.ht16k33.HT16K33 method*), 17  
fill () (*adafruit\_ht16k33.matrix.Matrix8x8x2 method*), 18

### H

HT16K33 (*class in adafruit\_ht16k33.ht16k33*), 17

### I

image () (*adafruit\_ht16k33.matrix.Matrix8x8 method*), 17  
image () (*adafruit\_ht16k33.matrix.Matrix8x8x2 method*), 18

### M

marquee () (*adafruit\_ht16k33.segments.Seg14x4 method*), 18  
Matrix16x8 (*class in adafruit\_ht16k33.matrix*), 17  
Matrix8x8 (*class in adafruit\_ht16k33.matrix*), 17  
Matrix8x8x2 (*class in adafruit\_ht16k33.matrix*), 18  
MatrixBackpack16x8 (*class in adafruit\_ht16k33.matrix*), 18

### P

pixel () (*adafruit\_ht16k33.matrix.Matrix16x8 method*), 17  
pixel () (*adafruit\_ht16k33.matrix.Matrix8x8 method*), 17  
pixel () (*adafruit\_ht16k33.matrix.Matrix8x8x2 method*), 18  
pixel () (*adafruit\_ht16k33.matrix.MatrixBackpack16x8 method*), 18  
print () (*adafruit\_ht16k33.segments.Seg14x4 method*), 19  
print\_hex () (*adafruit\_ht16k33.segments.Seg14x4 method*), 19

### R

rows (*adafruit\_ht16k33.matrix.Matrix8x8 attribute*), 17

### S

scroll () (*adafruit\_ht16k33.segments.Seg14x4 method*), 19  
scroll () (*adafruit\_ht16k33.segments.Seg7x4 method*), 19  
Seg14x4 (*class in adafruit\_ht16k33.segments*), 18  
Seg7x4 (*class in adafruit\_ht16k33.segments*), 19  
set\_digit\_raw () (*adafruit\_ht16k33.segments.Seg14x4 method*), 19  
set\_digit\_raw () (*adafruit\_ht16k33.segments.Seg7x4 method*), 19  
shift () (*adafruit\_ht16k33.matrix.Matrix8x8 method*), 17

shift\_down () (*adafruit\_ht16k33.matrix.Matrix8x8 method*), [17](#)  
shift\_left () (*adafruit\_ht16k33.matrix.Matrix8x8 method*), [18](#)  
shift\_right () (*adafruit\_ht16k33.matrix.Matrix8x8 method*), [18](#)  
shift\_up () (*adafruit\_ht16k33.matrix.Matrix8x8 method*), [18](#)  
show () (*adafruit\_ht16k33.ht16k33.HT16K33 method*),  
[17](#)

## T

top\_left\_dot (*adafruit\_ht16k33.segments.BigSeg7x4 attribute*), [18](#)